This Listing of Claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims

in the subject Patent Application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently amended) A device adapted to be used in a communication

system, the communication system using one of OFDM, NBFDM, DMT, FDMA

and TDMA, comprising:

a plurality of first remote transceiver units operable to communicate

in continuous bi-directional manner for the direct exchange of information with a

second central transceiver unit disposed remotely therefrom using a common

frequency;

means for detecting responsive to a continuous comparison of

received and detected signals in each of said first remote transceiver units a

comparative offset between respective common frequency references used locally

by said first remote transceiver unit and the second central transceiver unit in at

least one first signal transmitted by said first remote transceiver unit and received

by the second central transceiver unit, wherein the common frequency is a carrier

frequency in at least one of the a first remote transceiver units and a sampling

frequency in at least one other of the first a second remote transceiver units;

means for adjusting the common frequency in each of said first and

second remote transceiver units in accordance with the offsets detected responsive

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to the continuous comparison of received and detected signals in at least one

second signal to be transmitted by the second central transceiver unit and to be

received by said first or second remote transceiver unit to correct for an error in

the common frequency reference used locally thereat, so that the effects of the

offset to be perceived by said first or second remote transceiver unit will be

substantially reduced in preemptive manner, the second signal to be transmitted

being thereby adjusted to be in substantial frequency lock with the common

frequency reference of said first or second remote transceiver unit.

2-3. (Canceled).

4. (Currently amended) A device according to claim 1, wherein the means

for detecting the offsets in at least one of the first remote transceiver units includes

means for performing a correlation on a digital representation of the first signal so

as to lock onto the offset in the carrier frequency.

5. (Currently amended) A device according to claim 1, wherein the means

for adjusting the common frequencies in at least one of the first remote transceiver

units includes means for digitally shifting data in frequency to be transmitted in

accordance with the carrier frequency and the offset corresponding thereto.

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6-7. (Canceled).

8. (Currently amended) A device according to claim 1, wherein the means

for detecting the offsets in at least one of the first remote transceiver units includes

means for locking onto the offset in the carrier frequency and for producing an

output signal corresponding thereto.

9. (Currently amended) A device according to claim 8, wherein the means

for adjusting the common frequencies in at least one of the first remote transceiver

units includes means for variably adjusting a reference frequency output by a

crystal oscillator in accordance with the output signal generated by the locking

means.

10-14. (Canceled).

15. (Currently amended) A method adapted to be used in a communication

system, the communication system using one of OFDM, NBFDM, DMT, FDMA

and TDMA, wherein the communication system comprises a plurality of first

remote transceiver units operable to communicate in continuous bi-directional

manner for the direct exchange of information with a second central transceiver

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unit disposed remotely therefrom using a common frequency, the method

comprising:

detecting responsive to a continuous comparison of received and

detected signals in each of said first remote transceiver units a comparative offset

between respective common frequency references used locally by said first remote

transceiver unit and the second central transceiver unit in at least a first signal

transmitted by said first remote transceiver unit and received by the second central

transceiver unit, wherein the common frequency is a carrier frequency in at least

one of the a first remote transceiver units and a sampling frequency in at least one

other of the first a second remote transceiver units; and,

adjusting the common frequency in each of said first and second

remote transceiver units in accordance with the offsets detected responsive to

continuous comparison of received and detected signals in at least one second

signal to be transmitted by the second central transceiver unit and to be received

by said first or second remote transceiver unit to correct for an error in the

common frequency reference used locally thereat, so that the effects of the offsets

to be perceived by said first or second remote transceiver unit will be substantially

reduced in preemptive manner, the second signal to be transmitted being thereby

adjusted to be in substantial frequency lock with the common frequency reference

of said first or second remote transceiver unit.

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16-17. (Canceled).

18. (Currently amended) A method according to claim 15, wherein the

step of detecting the offsets for at least one of the first remote transceiver units

includes performing a correlation on a digital representation of the first signal so

as to lock onto the offset in the carrier frequency.

19. (Currently amended) A method according to claim 15, wherein the

step of adjusting the common frequency frequencies for at least one of the first

remote transceiver units includes digitally shifting data in frequency to be

transmitted in accordance with the carrier frequency and the offset corresponding

thereto.

20-21. (Canceled).

22. (Currently amended) A method according to claim 15, wherein the

step of detecting the offsets for at least one of the first remote transceiver units

includes locking onto the offset in the carrier frequency and producing an output

signal corresponding thereto.

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23. (Currently amended) A method according to claim 22, wherein the

step of adjusting the common frequency frequencies for at least one of the first

remote transceiver units includes variably adjusting a reference frequency output

by a crystal oscillator in accordance with the output signal generated by the

locking means.

24-28. (Canceled).

29. (Currently amended) A device adapted to be used in a plurality of first

remote transceiver units to communicate with a second central transceiver unit

using a common frequency, the device comprising:

a frequency lock loop in at least one of said a first remote transceiver

units and a delay lock loop in at least one other of said first a second remote

transceiver units respectively coupled to receive digital representations of at least

one first signal transmitted by the second central transceiver unit, the frequency

and delay lock loops being adapted to detect comparative carrier and sampling

frequency offsets in the respective first signals and to produce offset information

corresponding thereto indicative of offsets between respective common frequency

references locally used at the first remote and second central transceiver units; and

a frequency shift block in at least one of said first remote transceiver

units and a timing acquisition unit in at least one other of said first second remote

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transceiver units respectively coupled to receive the offset information and digital

data to be transmitted by said first and second remote transceiver units in at least

one second signal to be received by the second central transceiver unit disposed

remotely therefrom, the frequency shift block and timing acquisition unit being

respectively adapted to digitally shift and sample the digital data in frequency in

accordance with the common frequencies and frequency offsets corresponding

thereto to correct for errors in the common frequency references used locally at the

second central transceiver unit, so that the effects of the carrier and sampling

frequency offsets to be perceived by the second central transceiver unit will be

substantially reduced in preemptive manner for continuous wireless bi-directional

communication between the first remote and second central transceiver units for

the direct exchange of information.

30. (Canceled).

31. (Currently amended) A device adapted to be used in a plurality of first

remote transceiver units to communicate with a second central transceiver unit

disposed remotely therefrom using a common frequency, the device comprising:

a frequency lock loop in at least one of said a first remote transceiver

units and a delay lock loop in at least one other of said first a second remote

transceiver units respectively coupled to receive digital representations of at least

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one first signal transmitted by the second central transceiver unit, the frequency

and delay lock loops being adapted to detect comparative carrier and sampling

frequency offsets in the respective first signals and to produce analog offset

signals corresponding thereto indicative of offsets between respective common

frequency references locally used at the first remote and second central transceiver

units:

a crystal oscillator that supplies a reference frequency for

modulating at least one second signal to be perceived by the second central

transceiver unit in accordance with the common frequency; and

variably adjustable devices coupled to receive the offset signals, the

variably adjustable devices being respectively adapted to adjust the reference

frequency of the crystal oscillator and a sampling clock of an analog-to-digital

converter in accordance with the offset signals to correct for errors in the common

frequency references used locally at the second central transceiver unit, so that the

effects of the carrier and sampling frequency offsets in the second signal to be

perceived by the second central transceiver unit will be substantially reduced in

preemptive manner for continuous wireless bi-directional communication between

the first remote and second central transceiver units for the direct exchange of

information.

32-33. (Canceled).

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34. (Currently amended) A device adapted to be used in a communication

system, the communication system using one of OFDM, NBFDM, DMT, FDMA

and TDMA, the device comprising:

a plurality of first remote transceiver units operable to communicate

in continuous bi-directional manner for the direct exchange of information with a

second central transceiver unit disposed remotely therefrom using a common

frequency;

means for detecting responsive to a continuous comparison of

received and detected signals in each of said first remote transceiver units a

comparative offset between respective common frequency references locally by

said first remote transceiver unit and the second central transceiver unit in at least

one first signal transmitted by said first remote transceiver unit and received by the

second central transceiver unit, wherein the common frequency is a carrier

frequency in at least one of the a first remote transceiver units and a sampling

frequency in at least one other of the first second remote transceiver units:

means for communicating information corresponding to the detected

offsets from the second central transceiver unit to the first and second remote

transceiver units; and,

means for adjusting the common frequency in each of said first and

second remote transceiver units in accordance with the offsets detected responsive

to continuous comparison of received and detected signals in at least one second

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signal to be transmitted by said first or second remote transceiver unit and to be

received by the second central transceiver unit to correct for errors in the common

frequency references used locally thereat, so that the effects of the offsets to be

perceived by the second central transceiver unit will be substantially reduced in

preemptive manner, the second signal to be transmitted being thereby adjusted to

be in substantial frequency lock with the common carrier frequency reference of

the second central transceiver unit.

35. (Currently amended) A device adapted to be used in a communication

system, the communication system using one of OFDM, NBFDM, DMT, FDMA

and TDMA, the device comprising:

a plurality of first remote transceiver units operable to communicate

in continuous bi-directional manner for the direct exchange of information with a

second central transceiver unit disposed remotely therefrom using a common

frequency:

means for detecting responsive to a continuous comparison of

received and detected signals in each of said first remote transceiver units a

comparative offset between respective common frequency references locally by

said first remote transceiver unit and the second central transceiver unit in at least

one first signal transmitted by said first remote transceiver unit and received by the

second central transceiver unit, wherein the common frequency is a carrier

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frequency in at least one of the a first remote transceiver units and a sampling

frequency in at least one other of the first a second remote transceiver units;

means for communicating information corresponding to the detected

offsets from the second central transceiver unit to the first and second remote

transceiver units; and,

means for adjusting the common frequency in each of said first and

second remote transceiver units in accordance with the offsets detected responsive

to continuous comparison of received and detected signals in at least one second

signal to be transmitted by the second central transceiver unit and to be received

by said first or second remote transceiver unit to correct for errors in the common

frequency reference used locally thereat, so that the effects of the offsets to be

perceived by the first or second remote transceiver unit will be substantially

reduced in preemptive manner, the second signal to be transmitted being thereby

adjusted to be in substantial frequency lock with the common carrier frequency

reference of the first or second remote transceiver unit.

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